The Chicago Tribune.

VOL. 24. CHICAGO, SATURDAY, MAY 20, 1871. NO. 288.

AMUSEMENTS.

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Wednesday and Saturday Matinees.

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Terminus of the Amusement World!

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Have been crowded, night and day, by a much of Respectable Citizens of Chicago,

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Which is the acknowledged Prince of all the Circuses, and which, in addition to the Circus, has a Menagerie of Living Wonders, and a Museum of Curiosities.

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The Chicago Tribune

SATURDAY, MAY 20, 1871.

SPECIAL SESSION OF THE LEGISLATURE.

The Legislature meets in special session on Wednesday next. The question which will strike most interest, and will overshadow all other half dozen of importance relating to the approaching work in the new State House. And upon this the contest seems to be narrowed down to the force whether the appropriating shall or shall not be requisited to the people. That an appropriation bill will be passed by the Legislature there can be little doubt. Such an appropriation would unquestionably have been made at the regular session if the final vote upon it could have been reached.

It deserves to be considered that the new constitution makes no provision for submitting an appropriation bill to the people, except in one single contingency. Section 32, of Article 4 provides that the part of the State House and the furniture shall not exceed $50,000, including appropriations already made, unless the appropriation be vetoed of that sum shall have been first submitted to a vote of the people and approved by a majority of all the voters cast at the election. It is not to be supposed that submitting the proposition to the people would invalidate it, but it is clear that no such proceeding is contemplated in the constitution, since the appropriations already made for the State House are nowhere near the sum of $50,000.

If an appropriation for the State House at Springfield and an appropriation for a State House at Peoria are submitted to the people together, it is reasonable to suppose that they would both be voted for, yet few would vote affirmatively for any expenditure of money to be raised by taxation, and then vote against the other item. Hence a popular verdict against the proposed appropriation for the State House at Springfield would not be a verdict in favor of a State House at Peoria. It would only postpone the controversy to a future period.

The Legislature was elected for the express purpose of making a needful appropriation upon its own responsibility. The question which it has to decide is one of the present case, and the only one, is whether an appropriation for the new State House is needful. We opposed, with as much force as we could command, the beginning of that work, believing it and it would be time enough to consider the matter of new clothes when we were out of debt. But we were overruled by two successive Legislatures. A million dollars or thereabouts has already been expended in the purchase of grounds and construction of the building. The real question before the Legislature is whether we shall stop now and lose what has been expended; for, even if Peoria shall come year hence, after the completion of a State House at that place, pay into the public treasury the money already expended at Springfield (a rather improbable contingency), there will still have been a loss of a million dollars. That much capital will have been blotted out of existence.

If we were sitting in the State House question should be decided by one's feelings rather than by his cool judgment, we presume that Springfield would fare badly in this approaching session of the Legislature, there would be much half-hearted aye at the previous motion. But when we demand an intelligent reason for putting the State Capital on a wheelbarrow, and sending it this year to Peoria, with no guarantee that we shall not send it next year to Bloomington, and the following year to Decatur or somewhere else, we shall wait a long time for an answer.

THE GUMBLETON MYSTERY.

To-morrow the officers despatched to Germany with a requisition for Alfred Ziegenmeyer, accused of the murder of the unknown Gumbleton, will reach this city with their prisoner. The history of this case is of more than ordinary interest.

On the last day of December, 1870, the body of a man was found floating in the lake South. On the 3d and 14th of January an inquest was held, but beyond the fact evident from the condition of the body, that it had been freshly dead when, nothing was disclosed as to the time or manner of his death. In the pockets of the clothing were some letters and English money; they identified the unknown as his attendants. The name upon these papers was H. W. Gumbleton, and it was ascertained, rather than established, that he was an Englishman. With this scant prospect of the Oliver Twist mystery, the coroner's office ceased to unravel the mystery. The military records, upon investigation, showed that Gumbleton had received two leaves by rifle from Baltimore, and had shipped them to Manchester, Eng. A police officer, Dickel, from 39 Wall street, New York, directed to Gumbleton in Baltimore, referred to money in their hands to his credit. He was ascertained that Gumbleton had been running at No. 113 Dearborn street, but left left for Baltimore on November 30.

But the body found in the lake was that of a dark man, medium size, black beard and hair, apparently 45 years old, and evidently English or Irish; while the Gumbleton lodged on Dearborn street was a fair complexioned man, tall, beardless, light hair, 21 years old, and a German, speaking English imperfectly. Subsequent researches satisfied the officer Gumbleton's lodger was not the man sent to Alfred Ziegenmeyer, that on the 19th November, in company with one Alfred Ziegenmeyer, that on the 19th they were last at the railroad depot, to receive a parcel of clothing. The trail of Gumbleton (Ziegenmeyer) had even since been discovered, after the finding of the body in the lake, as stated. The month and manner of his death is yet a mystery. Gumbleton had brought with him a large money, of which there was no deposit in the bank of Gumbleton, place then November 16. On the 7th of November, Ziegenmeyer, passing off for Gumbleton, purchased of Mr. Hanson, American Consul at Bremen. Dinos sent a full history of the crime and all his discoveries to Hanson on the 20th of January, enclosing also a lithyre of Ziegenmeyer which had been found in Baltimore.

Consul Harris caused the proper legislation to be made, and was ascertained that Ziegenmeyer had returned from the United States, and was living near Brunswick, with his father, but that claiming to be an American citizen he had quitted a passport to Switzerland. If, therefore, important to arrest him, without waiting for a requisition from the United States. On the 10th of March Mr. Harris went to Berlin, where, by the aid of Mr. Bancroft, he obtained an order from the Minister of Police, directing the police of Brunswick to arrest Ziegenmeyer. This order was received in Brunswick on the 15th, and, in the meantime Ziegenmeyer had left suddenly (apparent him within utility miles of the frontier.

Two officers were sent from this city in April, bearing the proper papers for the extradition of the absent child on Friday they sailed at New York with their prisoner.

Write in Europe Mr. Dixon visited Ireland to find out something about Gumbleton. All that was known was that he belonged to one large clime who have a large possession of a fortune, and that he had lived a useless life; finally, after his father's death, leaving Ireland with the small share falling to him.

In Brunswick it was ascertained that Ziegenmeyer was an illegitimate son of Henrietta Tagel, a ballet-dancer, by von Bendelbach, who settled 7,000 livres on the girl, who was then sought in marriage by one Ziegenmeyer, a manufacturer. The latter adopted the boy as his legitimate child. His name is Carl William Max Alfred, and was born February 4, 1854. After attending school he served as a clerk, and in December, 1867, obtained leave to depart as a sailor. In February, 1871, he presented himself at the Consulate of Berlin, in Minister Bancroft at Berlin, and obtained a passport as a citizen of the United States. When called upon for military duty he pleaded his American citizenship.

A visit to the manufactory of Ziegenmeyer, Sohne, disclosed, from the gossip of the neighborhood, that, with the dowry of his wife, he had a capital of 10,000 thalers; that his present property was worth 30,000 thalers, and mortgaged for $1,500; that his affairs had not prospered of late years, but the one, on his return from America, had loaned the father 7,000 thalers. The sister of the wife's rapid accumulation of wealth was, that he had obtained $2,000 in a suit in Baltimore, and with the money had speculated in railway stocks, in which he had cleared $16,000.

From Ziegenmeyer himself it was learned of this he left Chicago on the 15th of December, in time to get a passage on the steamer Weser, he buying his ticket of Mr. Greenhaus.

It will be seen that, though Ziegenmeyer did not leave Brunswick until 1867, and served two years at sea, between New York and Bremen, he managed, by some means, to obtain a certificate of naturalization. This was either a forgery or was obtained by his own perjury and that of the two witnesses. We suppose the paper was issued in Baltimore. The fraudulent mask of protection from Prussian military service was his ruin. The laws of Brunswick prohibit the surrender of a subject to any foreign power, but, having become a citizen of the United States, no legal objection could be made to his surrender, and no hopeless was the case that at last he voluntarily consented to depart for the United States with the officers.

To the perseverance and ability of Officer Dixon great credit is due for the long, intricate, and eventually successful search for this man. But while the facts and circumstances seem to envelope Ziegenmeyer inevitably in point of his guilt, it should be remembered that he has yet to be heard—that his side of the story is to be told, and that his explanation is yet to be made. Yet, as the case now stands, it would be foolish in additional evidence that murder, however skillfully committed, will never brought home to the criminal, is done through the very means adopted by him to cover and hide his tracks. This man's possession of Gumbleton, on Sunday, is to date to get the money, is the damaged evidence of his guilt.

SAILS FOR THE FALLEN.

Mr. Moody's sermon last night in Chicago, and his effective labors, will be followed by the prayers, hymns, sermons with the revival services and evening, and may be seen on the premises every evening. Mr. Moody, by the request of many, has decided to stay in Chicago a few days longer, and will hold his meetings in the Tabernacle, and will be glad to see all who may feel interested, and especially those who are anxious about their souls. Let everybody who can come to the Tabernacle to-morrow morning, and hear the Bible Reading, and the Sunday-school, and the sermon, and the prayer-meeting, and

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FRUIT.
1,500 Boxes Messina Oranges
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Fine Quality.
COCOA NUTS AND PINE APPLE
RECEIVED DAILY.
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SOUTH PARK COMMISSIONERS
Notice to Contractors.

PROPOSALS.
To Railroad Contractors
PROPOSALS

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BANKERS,
Corner Lake and LaSalle-sts.
CHICAGO.
Foreign Exchange.

Union Insurance and Trust Co.
Savings Bank.

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Economical, Rapid, Neat.
CHICAGO NOVELTY COMPANY.
DRESS PATTERNS.
Dressmakers Attention

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THE AVENUE
TURKISH BATH,
202 Wabash-av.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

"SOCIETY GOSSIP."

Fashionable Intelligence from the Avenues.

Elegant Entertainments and Recherche Affairs.

Notes from the "Accredited Society Letter of the "Times."

[illegible]

REAL ESTATE.

The Southwestward Movement of Improvements.

Lake Park and The South Parkways.

Real Estate Market and Transfers for the Week.

[illegible]

MURDER.

A Boy of Eighteen Killed by a Night Watchman.

The Crime Occasioned by a Trifling Request on the Part of the Victim.

The Murderer, and What He Has to Say on the Matter.

[illegible]

RIVERSIDE.

A Town Made to Order—Remarkable Results of Individual Enterprise.

Letter from Charles Bushell, Esq., Editor of the New York Evening Post.

[illegible]

A WORD TO THE POLICE.

Why is Gambling Permitted to Exist in Chicago?

Will Messrs. Brown, Gout, Shettlesley, and Bickey Please Rise and Explain?

[illegible]

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Foreign Markets.

The Produce Markets.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

Vessels Passed Detroit.

MEDICAL CARDS.

Dr. Bigelow,
Dr. E. A. Bassett,
Dr. A. G. Otis,
Dr. A. G. Otis,
Medical.

TIME-TABLE.

Arrival and Departure of Trains.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

TO LEASE.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

CLAIRVOYANTS.

MACHINERY.

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED TO RENT.

PARTNER WANTED.

TO LEASE.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS.

LOST AND FOUND.

SEWING MACHINES.

PERSONAL.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

INSTRUCTION.

AGENTS WANTED.

THE AMERICAN LADY.

A Chicago Story.

BY PORTERIS.

Author of "Jane Hall," "The Lioness in Love," "Romance of an Actress," etc., etc.

Written for The Chicago Tribune.

CHAPTER VII.

A SECRET.

Mrs. Fitzwater Grey had never loved; and naturally, also, it is possible that a woman with a nature so ardent, generous, and of intellect, should be able to remain proud, cold, and mild under nature's law, yet, underlying all about her, was daily paying the tribute of her nature. Although she was not possible; for Mr. Grey was chiefly high-minded, perhaps romantic, honest, and very noble-hearted.

"I cannot think first, but I believe that would do more toward making me happy than all the beautiful skies of Italy, or other country."

"They are handsome enough, in all conditions for joy. I've heard of the beautiful Campagna Romana, and Dr. Hunter is very anxious about it." [illegible]

Meanwhile the time for the [illegible] ing day of the party had arrived. [illegible] Lynn-Gardner was in residence. [illegible] Mrs. Grey, with her daughter, [illegible] to the party, and [illegible] Mr. Grey [illegible] Mr. Grey [illegible] Mr. Grey

GETTING ON IN THE WORLD.

Originality in Annoying Mankind.

Charles Dickens, in his preface to another production in search, not of original to one's dear self and nobody, or the world in general, but of fame, or, in other words, of Imitation. For this purpose, it is not necessary to be a Dickens, or even a Bulwer, or even a Cooper, or even a Sylvanus Cobb, Jr., or even a Mrs. Southworth, or even a Mrs. Ann S. Stephens, or even a Mrs. Mary Jane Holmes, or even a Mrs. Cora Wilbur, or even a Mrs. Frank Leslie, or even a Mrs. Grundy. Find some ideal or real—or even unreal—man or woman who has attained a high degree of popularity and shot with a bullet of the mouth, then, presto! down goes Sheldon's Film and Wat of Boston, instantly, and the Hand of the Author of Nature, and the happy recipient of the genius of Nature, the child and the honest for the white nation, and the happy recipient, and over the whole mass of being after the Original genius under the prime ministership of Byron. The Immortal poet, characterized as the author, "Immortal," Gregory "Anglicus," drumming, "Immortal," Gregory "Anglicus," drumming, "Immortal," Gregory "Anglicus," drumming